DrupalCon Lille 2023 Composer Behind the Scenes

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Why is Composer 2 so much faster?



Why is Composer 2 so much faster?

• Benchmarks

- \circ install 30% to 50% faster
- update 30% to 90% faster & drop in memory usage of 70% to 98%

Easy answers

- parallel downloads, making use of HTTP/2 features
- parallel archive extraction
- more efficient metadata format
- doesn't really explain improvements for update

https://blog.packagist.com/composer-2-0-is-now-available/ https://susi.dev/composer2-perf https://developers.ibexa.co/blog/benchmarks-of-composer-2.0-vs-1.10 https://metadrop.net/es/articulos/drupal-composer-2



Separating update & install - Declaring state over manipulating state



vendor symfony/http-foundation: composer.lock	6.3.5 previous local upgrade attempt	
symfony/http-foundation: composer.json	5.4.28	old production state
symfony/http-foundation:	6.2.*	limited upgrade for now, because of 6.3 issues
<pre>naderman@saumur:~/projects/composer/test/symfony-http-foundation\$ composer update Loading composer repositories with package information Updating dependencies Lock file operations: 0 installs, 1 update, 0 removals - Upgrading symfony/http-foundation (v5.4.28 => v6.2.13) Writing lock file Installing dependencies from lock file (including require-dev) Package operations: 3 installs, 1 update, 1 removal - Removing symfony/polyfill-php83 (v1.28.0) - Downgrading symfony/http-foundation (v6.3.5 => v6.2.13): Extracting archive Generating autoload files 6 packages you are using are looking for funding. Use the `composer fund` command to find out more!</pre>		







composer update: Reality in Composer 1



composer update: Reality in Composer 1 - aka some terrible ideas

- Idea: Solver only loads what it needs when it gets to that point
 - Solution: Lazy load packages while creating memory representation in solver
 - Problems
 - Solver just waits for same info at a later point
 - Impossible to reduce set of packages before generating dependencies
 - Parallelized network access becomes hard to manage
- Idea: Avoid downloading metadata and packages unnecessarily and protect from loss of packages
 - Solution: use vendor/ and composer.lock metadata in solver
 - Problems
 - Duplicate metadata
 - Unclear which "version" to use / when to update metadata
 - Confusing results where packages that no longer exist don't get removed
 - Inconsistent behavior depending on local state







composer update: Reality in Composer 2





composer update: Reality in Composer 2.2





- Pool
 - Simple array of all package versions to be passed to the Dependency Solver
- **Pool Builder** collects package metadata from all sources/repositories
 - Takes root composer.json requires into account
 - Avoids loading metadata that is definitely not installable
 - Tries to limit how many versions of a package get loaded by tracking constraints

• Pool Optimizer

- o identifies versions with identical constraints and reduces them into one
- Shout out to Jason Woods / driskell for two additions based on Drupal projects
 - Filters impossible packages out <u>https://github.com/composer/composer/pull/9620/files</u>
 - Do not load replaced targets <u>https://github.com/composer/composer/pull/11449</u>
- more future improvements possible!





What's in the Dependency Solver? And why does reducing loaded package versions matter so much?



Boolean Algebra

- Notation
 - \circ OR: V
 - \circ AND: \wedge
 - NOT: ¬
- Laws
 - Associativity: $A \lor (B \lor C) = (A \lor B) \lor C$
 - Commutativity: $A \lor B = B \lor A$
 - Distributivity: A \lor (B \land C) = (A \lor B) \land (A \lor C)
 - Absorption: $A \lor (A \land B) = A$
 - Complementation 2: A V \neg A = TRUE
 - \circ etc.



- $(A \lor B) \land (\neg B \lor C \lor \neg D) \land (D \lor \neg E)$
- (A V B) is a clause
- A, B, ¬B, C, D, ¬D, E are literals
- A, B, C, D are atoms

Every propositional formula can be converted into an equivalent formula that is in CNF. This transformation is based on rules about logical equivalences: the double negative law, De Morgan's laws, and the distributive law.



What's in the Dependency Solver?



- boolean SATisfiability
- Is there a set of values for a boolean formula that results in its evaluation to true
- (A \land B) is satisfiable with A=TRUE and B=TRUE.
- (A \land B \land ¬A) is not satisfiable because A cannot be both TRUE and FALSE.
- Why a SAT Solver?
 - Port from libzypp / zypper in SUSE back in 2011
 - EDOS project <u>https://www.mancoosi.org/edos/</u> Package Installation is NP-Complete
 - <u>https://www.mancoosi.org/edos/algorithmic/#toc15</u> (For the really interested here you can see someone encode any 3SAT problem as a debian or RPM package installation)



Dependencies as a SAT Problem

- Each version of a package is a literal
 - Package A v1.0.0 should be present: A-1.0.0
 - Package A v1.0.0 should not be present: **¬A-1.0.0**
- A-1.0.0 requires B-1.0.0: (¬A-1.0.0 V B-1.0.0)
- A-1.0.0 conflicts with B-1.0.0: (¬A-1.0.0 V ¬B-1.0.0)
- C-1.0.0 and D-1.0.0 provide B-1.0 and A-1.0 requires B-1.0
 (¬A-1.0.0 V C-1.0.0 V D-1.0.0)
- C-1.0.0 replaces B-1.0 and A-1.0 requires B-1.0
 (¬C-1.0.0 ∨ ¬B-1.0.0) ∧ (¬A-1.0.0 ∨ B-1.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)

Fewer packages/versions to analyze? => fewer literals, fewer clauses, less memory



project requires A*, A 1.0.0 requires B* and C*, B requires C*

1.		(A-1.0.0)	∧ (¬A-1.0.0 ∨ B-1.0.0)	∧ (¬B-1.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)	∧ (¬A-1.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)
2.	A-1.0.0=true	true	∧ (false ∨ B-1.0.0)	∧ (¬B-1.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)	∧ (false ∨ C-1.0.0)
3.		true	∧ (B-1.0.0)	∧ (¬B-1.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)	∧ (C-1.0.0)
4.	B-1.0.0=true	true	\wedge true	∧ (false ∨ C-1.0.0)	∧ (C-1.0.0)
5.		true	\wedge true	∧ (C-1.0.0)	∧ (C-1.0.0)
6.	C-1.0.0=true	true	∧ true	\wedge true	\wedge true

Solved: Install A 1.0.0, B 1.0.0, C 1.0.0



project requires A*, A 1.0.0 requires B* and C*, B conflicts with C*

1.		(A-1.0.0)	∧ (¬A-1.0.0 ∨ B-1.0.0)	∧ (¬B-1.0.0 ∨ ¬C-1.0.0	0)∧ (¬A-1.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)
2.	A-1.0.0=true	true	∧ (false ∨ B-1.0.0)	∧ (¬B-1.0.0 ∨ ¬C-1.0.0	0)∧ (false ∨ C-1.0.0)
3.		true	∧ (В-1.0.0)	∧ (¬B-1.0.0 ∨ ¬C-1.0.0	D)∧ (C-1.0.0)
4.	B-1.0.0=true	true	∧ true	∧ (false ∨ ¬C-1.0.0)	∧ (C-1.0.0)
5.		true	\wedge true	∧ (¬C-1.0.0)	∧ (C-1.0.0)
6.	C-1.0.0=false	true	∧ true	∧ true	\wedge false

Conflict! A requires C, but B conflicts with C.



Free Choices / Policy

- Policy determines precedence of solution attempts for free choices
 - By default always try the highest version number first
 - Can be altered with flags like --prefer-lowest (reverse)



project requires A*, A 1.0.0 requires B*, B 2.0.0 requires C*

1.		(A-1.0.0)	∧ (¬A-1.0.0 ∨ B-1.0.0 ∨ B-2.0.0)	∧ (¬B-2.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)	
2.	A-1.0.0=true	true	∧ (false ∨ B-1.0.0 ∨ B-2.0.0)	∧ (¬B-2.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)	
3.		true	∧ (B-1.0.0 ∨ B-2.0.0)	∧ (¬B-2.0.0 ∨ C-1.0.0)	
4.	B-2.0.0=true	true	∧ (B-1.0.0∨ true)	∧ (false ∨ C-1.0.0)	[Policy]
5.		true	\wedge true	∧ (C-1.0.0)	
6.	C-1.0.0=true	true	∧ true	∧ true	

Solved: Install A 1.0.0, **B 2.0.0**, C 1.0.0



Implementation

- Each package version object gets an integer id
- \Composer\DependencyResolver\Rule contains an array of literals
 - absolute value is the id, sign is used for negation
- \Composer\DependencyResolver\Solver::solve()
 - generates rules based on package pool and policy
 - finds solution with runSat()
 - returns new lock file state
- \Composer\DependencyResolver\DefaultPolicy
 - implements free choice decisions
 - handles options like --prefer-lowest or --prefer-stable



Regular requirements and conflicts

```
foo/bar 1.0 requires baz/qux ^2.0
foo/bar 1.0 conflicts with baz/qux ^2.0
```

```
(¬foo/bar 1.0 V baz/qux 2.0.0 V baz/qux 2.0.1 V baz/qux 2.1.0)
(¬foo/bar 1.0 V ¬baz/qux 2.0.0) ∧ (¬foo/bar 1.0 V ¬baz/qux 2.0.1) ∧
(¬foo/bar 1.0 V ¬baz/qux 2.1.0)
```

You can only install one version of a package

=> Composer automatically generates a conflict for each pair of versions

foo/bar 1.0, 1.1, 1.2 Extreme Growth $\binom{n}{2} = \frac{n!}{2(n-2)!}$ Symfony

	3 versions	6 versions	100 versions	500 versions	1000 versions
Composer 1	3 rules	15 rules	4,950 rules	124,750 rules	499,500 rules
Composer 2	1 rule	1 rule	1 rule	1 rule	1 rule

Composer 2.0 uses a special single multi conflict rule representation for all of these rules

foo/bar 1.0, 1.1, 1.2

oneof(foo/bar 1.0, foo/bar 1.1,foo/bar 1.2)



- Platform repository
 - implicitly defined additional package repository
 - contains packages for
 - PHP
 - extensions
 - system libraries (e.g. libxml)
 - packages cannot be updated/installed/removed



\$./composer.phar show --platform

ext-dom ext-fileinfo ext-filter ext-ftp	5.1.8 7.2.5 7.2.5 7.2.5	The Composer Plugin API The apcu PHP extension The ctype PHP extension The curl PHP extension The date PHP extension The dom PHP extension The fileinfo PHP extension The filter PHP extension The ftp PHP extension The hash PHP extension The iconv PHP extension The intl PHP extension
	1.6.0	The json PHP extension The libxml PHP extension
lib-ICU lib-libxml lib-openssl lib-pcre php	7.59.0 58.2 2.9.5 2.5.5 8.41 7.2.5 7.2.5 7.2.5	The curl PHP library The intl PHP library The libxml PHP library LibreSSL 2.5.5 The pcre PHP library The PHP interpreter The PHP interpreter, 64bit The PHP interpreter, with IPv6 support



\$ php -v PHP 5.6.10

\$ composer update

Your requirements could not be resolved to an installable set of packages.

Problem 1

- This package requires php ^7.1.1 but your PHP version (5.6.10) does not satisfy that requirement.



- What if you maintain multiple projects on your local system to be deployed to different platforms?
 - e.g. Server A running PHP 8.0, Server B running PHP 8.2
- What if you want to try out if your project would install on a different PHP version?





No idea if dependencies even work on PHP 8.1.5



```
"require": {
    "php":"^8.1.5",
    "ext-intl": "*"
}
"config": {"platform":{
    "php": "8.1.6",
    "ext-intl": "1.1.0"
```

\$ php -v PHP 7.4.10

\$ composer update
Success



}}

```
"require": {
    "php":"^8.1.5",
    "ext-intl": "*"
}
"config": {"platform":{
    "php": "8.1.6",
    "ext-intl": "1.1.0"
```

} }

\$ composer update
Success

- Create ZIP
- deploy to prod

PHP Fatal Error

Prod was actually still on PHP 7.4



- dev\$ composer update
- Create ZIP
- upload to prod
- composer check-platform-reqs
 - no error? switch to new code



```
{ "name": "zebra/zebra",
    "require": {
         "horse/horse": "^1.0" }}
```

```
{ "name": "giraffe/giraffe",
    "require": {
        "duck/duck": "^1.0" }}
```



```
{ "name": "horse/horse",
    "require": {
        "giraffe/giraffe": "^1.0" }}
```

```
{ "name": "duck/duck",
    "require": {}}
```



```
"name": "my-project",
"require": {
    "zebra/zebra": "^1.0",
    "giraffe/giraffe": "^1.0"
}
```





Now each package releases 1.1





\$ composer update --dry-run zebra/zebra Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)




\$ composer update --dry-run zebra/zebra --with-dependencies Updating horse/horse (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)





\$ composer update --dry-run zebra/zebra giraffe/giraffe
Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)
Updating giraffe/giraffe (1.0 -> 1.1)





\$ composer update zebra/zebra giraffe/giraffe --with-dependencies Updating duck/duck (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating giraffe/giraffe (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating horse/horse (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)





\$ composer update zebra/zebra --with-all-dependencies Updating duck/duck (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating giraffe/giraffe (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating horse/horse (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)





\$ composer update zebra/zebra --with-dependencies
 Updating horse/horse (1.0 -> 1.1)
 Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)





\$ composer update zebra/zebra --with-all-dependencies Updating duck/duck (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating giraffe/giraffe (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating horse/horse (1.0 -> 1.1) Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)



Upcoming Features & Future Plans

- Plans?
 - Keep things stable and compatible
 - Make Composer 1 metadata read-only, and finally get everyone to switch
 - Small improvements based on common workflows
 - Help users improve their projects' security



• --minimal-changes or --minimal-update

- $\circ \quad \text{Coming in } 2.7$
- Problem: I want to update one dependency, but there's a conflict, I need to update more, but I don't want to update everything
- Solution: Partial updates with dependencies, but keeping them at the same version as the lock file if possible





- zebra 1.1 requires horse ^1.1
- horse 1.1 requires giraffe ^1.1
- giraffe 1.1 still requires duck ^1.0





\$ composer update zebra/zebra --with-all-dependencies
 Updating duck/duck (1.0 -> 1.1)
 Updating giraffe/giraffe (1.0 -> 1.1)
 Updating horse/horse (1.0 -> 1.1)
 Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)





\$ composer update zebra/zebra --with-all-dependencies --minimal-changes
Updating giraffe/giraffe (1.0 -> 1.1)
Updating horse/horse (1.0 -> 1.1)
Updating zebra/zebra (1.0 -> 1.1)



--minimal-changes or --minimal-update

- \circ Coming in 2.7
- Problem: I want to update one dependency, but there's a conflict, I need to update more, but I don't want to update everything
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Who could follow the beginning? Any idea how to implement this?



Who could follow the beginning? Any idea how to implement this?

- Run an update as it would happen without the version
- Make the policy pick locked version numbers before any other versions
- Result
 - Solver will try locked versions first
 - If locked versions are incompatible it will attempt to change versions

https://github.com/composer/composer/pull/11665



Improving Security for Users

- Recent addition: composer audit
 - run by default on updates since 2.4
- Should have the ability to block updating to vulnerable versions
 - currently possible by requiring roave/security-advisories
 - for drupal: drupal-composer/drupal-security-advisories
- Public UI access to & notifications for packagist.org audit/transparency log
- Built in SBOM support, currently only available with plugins



Packagist.org

- Metadata only
- No checksums for GitHub stored packages
 - <u>https://github.com/sansecio/composer-integrity-plugin</u>
- No signatures
- No way to upload code
- Tags can get recreated
- Packagist.org maintainer account takeover

https://blog.packagist.com/packagist-org-maintainer-account-takeover/

• Editing of source URLs no longer allowed beyond 50k installs



Improving Security for Users: Signatures

- Problem: GitHub archives not stable
 - packagist.org may need to host code
 - no longer avoiding category of security issues related to hosting code
 - have to moderate uploaded content, potentially work intensive
 - \circ sign contents of archives only
 - non-standard, so harder to implement
 - archive metadata may itself contain exploits, need to really know well which parts may be skipped



Improving Security for Users: Signatures

- Watching Drupal's activity with a lot of interest
 - <u>https://www.drupal.org/project/infrastructure/issues/3325040</u> Automatic Updates / TUF (The Update Framework)
 - Learn more today at 3pm in Room 3.1 A&B: "What's next for Drupal Autoupdates"
- But: Signatures are not the holy grail
 - Don't solve important questions like can you even trust the party who signed the package?
 - Doesn't protect you from malicious maintainers (e.g. event-stream backdoor in 2018) https://www.ntousakis.com/es-eurosec.pdf / https://snyk.io/blog/a-post-mortem-of-the-malicious-event-stream-backdoor/
 - TLS with GitHub already gives you quite a lot



Improving Security for Users

- Signatures
 - Drupal is building something that may end up being useful to all of Composer
 - <u>https://www.drupal.org/project/infrastructure/issues/3325040</u> Automatic Updates
 / TUF (The Update Framework)
 - Learn more today at 3pm in Room 3.1 A&B: "What's next for Drupal Autoupdates"
 - Problems
 - GitHub archives not stable



- Ways to define maintenance/support levels
 - Would be easy to work out when looking at a new project if things need urgent updates if you can check automatically which versions are still maintained
 - Could work well as an addition to composer audit
 - Would help in prioritizing updates or selecting automated updates
 - <u>https://github.com/composer/composer/issues/8272</u> open since Aug 2019, help welcome!
 - already some new comments from pwolanin & drumm during DrupalCon
 - unfortunately not as easy as it seems on a first look



• Improved support for tools

- Problem: Dev tools, e.g. phpunit, have requirements
 - can potentially conflict with your own requirements for the same packages
 - can result in your project using lower/higher versions than you would otherwise use
- Idea: Separate requirements for tools
 - Problems: some tools need to be resolved together some independently
 - Some tools must run in same scope, how do we make multiple versions of same package work?
- Current workaround / alternative
 - PHPScoper + phar files, e.g. phpstan



• Better support for patches

- Used a lot in the Drupal world mostly cweagans/composer-patches
- Currently bypasses Composer concepts like repositories
 - impossible to override
 - impossible to mirror and verify by tools like Private Packagist
- At least uses Composer download mechanism now to support the same proxy settings
- See <u>https://github.com/cweagans/composer-patches/issues/358</u>



- Private Packagist: Automatic Updates
 - Done right for PHP projects
 - Interested? Please contact me, I would love to hear
 - ideas you have
 - what problems you face with existing solutions
 - what do you use? did you build something yourself?
 - what are you dissatisfied with?



Questions / Feedback?



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